

SECRET 04046760

SPECIFICATION

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

BE IT KNOWN THAT WE, Masuo Ohnishi, a citizen of Japan residing at Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, Japan, Toyokazu Hamaguchi, a citizen of Japan residing at Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, Japan and Hiroshi Mutoh, a citizen of Japan residing at Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, Japan have invented certain new and useful improvements in

ELECTRONIC APPARATUS AND DISK UNIT  
MOUNTING MECHANISM

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of which the following is a specification : -

1 TITLE OF THE INVENTION

ELECTRONIC APPARATUS AND DISK UNIT MOUNTING  
MECHANISM

5 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

a The present invention generally relates to  
electronic apparatuses and disk unit mounting  
mechanisms, and more particularly to an electronic  
apparatus and a disk unit mounting mechanism

a 10 <sup>having</sup> ~~characterized by~~ a shock-resistant mounting structure  
of a disk unit such as a hard disk drive (HDD) in a  
portable electronic apparatus such as a notebook type  
personal computer.

In this specification, the disk unit refers  
15 to a magnetic disk unit, an optical disk unit, a  
magneto-optic disk unit, a hard disk drive, a floppy  
disk drive (FDD), a CD-ROM drive and the like which  
record and/or reproduce information on and/or  
reproduce information from a disk-shaped recording  
20 medium.

Recently, the performance of the notebook  
type personal computer has improved, and it is  
becoming popular to mount in the notebook type  
personal computer a hard disk drive which has a large  
25 storage capacity and a high operation speed compared  
to a floppy disk drive.

A description will be given of a hard disk  
drive mounting structure of a conventional notebook  
type personal computer, by referring to FIG.1.

30 FIG.1 is a disassembled perspective view of  
a notebook type personal computer 50 mounted with a  
hard disk drive. In FIG.1, a hard disk drive (HDD) 52  
is mounted in a HDD accommodating part provided on a  
back side of a front right of a housing 51 of the  
35 notebook type personal computer 50.

a In this case, <sup>the</sup> ~~the~~ HDD 52 accommodates a  
disk-shaped storage media, a head, a motor and the

1 like. The HDD 52 is fixed on <sup>an</sup> ~~a~~ HDD mounting metal fitting 53 by a screw 54 so that a printed circuit side of the HDD 52 faces a HDD cover 57. The metal fitting 53 is fixed on the housing 51 by a screw 55.

5 In addition, a flexible printed circuit (FPC) cable 56 mounted on the housing 51 is arranged so as to electrically connect to the printed circuit of the HDD 52. Thereafter, the HDD cover 57 <sup>slides</sup> ~~is slid~~ to cover the HDD accommodating part of the housing 51, and the HDD cover 57 is fixed to the housing 51 by screws 58. No shock absorbing material or the like is used.

15 In the case of a magnetic disk drive mounted in a lap-top computer or the like, it <sup>has been proposed in</sup> ~~is proposed in a~~ Japanese Laid-Open Patent Application No.3-241583, for example, to provide a plurality of vibration-preventing rubber pieces between a housing and a side surface of the magnetic disk drive, so as to prevent a positioning error from being generated due to vibration of a magnetic head. It <sup>has also been</sup> ~~is also~~ proposed to use a combination of a plurality of vibration-preventing rubber pieces having damping characteristics with different temperature dependencies, so as to cope with a wide range of temperature changes. In addition, it <sup>has also been</sup> ~~is also~~ proposed to use Sorbothane (trademark) which is made of an ether system polyurethane as the vibration-preventing rubber.

30 In addition, in the case of a fixed magnetic disk drive used in a large scale computer, it <sup>has been</sup> ~~is~~ proposed in a Japanese Laid-Open Utility Model Application no.59-135504, for example, to make the magnetic disk drive portable by accommodating the magnetic disk drive in an external box. It <sup>has been</sup> ~~is~~ vaguely proposed to provide a plurality of shock absorbers such as shock absorbing rubber pieces between the external box and inner top, bottom and side surfaces

1 of a main body of the magnetic disk drive, so as to  
greatly relax restricting conditions with respect to  
the vibration and shock.

However, in the notebook type personal  
5 computer mounted with the HDD described above, the HDD  
itself is becoming smaller and lighter due to the  
increased recording density of the HDD. Particularly  
when the HDD is <sup>light in weight</sup> ~~light~~, there are increased  
opportunities for the HDD to be carried. On the other  
10 hand, the mechanical strength of the HDD deteriorates  
as the HDD becomes smaller. As a result, a shock  
applied on the HDD while the HDD is carried or during  
operation of the HDD may generate a fault.

For example, because the conventional HDD is  
15 fixed to the housing of the notebook type personal  
computer by screws, the magnetic head makes contact  
with the disk-shaped storage media when a shock is  
applied on the HDD which is carried or during  
operation of the HDD. The disk-shaped media is  
20 damaged when the magnetic head makes contact with the  
disk-shaped storage media, and this damage causes data  
destruction thereby generating a fault.

On the other hand, if a floating structure  
is used for the HDD, it becomes impossible to  
25 accurately set a head position due to residual  
vibration accompanying the rotation of the disk-shaped  
storage media when making a seek operation to make the  
magnetic head seek a recording region during  
operation. In this case, a read error is generated.

30 Further, in the case of the lap-top computer  
or the like, the vibration preventing rubber is  
provided on the side surface of the magnetic disk  
drive in order to make the magnetic disk drive  
vibration proof. However, no special considerations  
35 are made with respect to the shock, particularly the  
shock applied on the magnetic disk drive when the  
computer is carried. For this reason, the vibration

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1 preventing rubber does not provide a solution to the  
problems introduced when the magnetic disk drive is  
carried.

Moreover, the portable fixed magnetic disk  
5 drive described above is not intended for the general  
user, and the fixed magnetic disk drive is  
considerably large compared to the HDD mounted in the  
notebook type personal computer. For this reason,  
there are no strict demands to reduce the size and  
10 weight of the fixed magnetic disk drive, and various  
kinds of measures may be taken against the vibration  
and shock applied on the fixed magnetic disk drive.  
However, such measures which may be taken in the fixed  
magnetic disk drive do not suggest particular measures  
15 which may be taken with respect to the notebook type  
personal computer which is used by the general user  
and in which restricting conditions exist to reduce  
the size and weight of the HDD.

20 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, it is a general object of the  
present invention to provide a novel and useful  
electronic apparatus and a disk unit mounting  
mechanism, in which the problems described above are  
25 eliminated.

Another and more specific object of the  
present invention is to eliminate the problem of data  
destruction caused by the shock applied on the disk  
unit such as the HDD, and to provide a disk unit  
9 30 mounting structure having ~~an~~ improved reliability.

Still another object of the present  
invention is to provide an electronic apparatus  
mounted with a hard disk drive, wherein vibration  
and/or shock absorbing members which absorb vibration  
35 and/or shock are provided between the hard disk drive  
and a lid member which covers a hard disk drive  
accommodating part provided in a housing of the

1 electronic apparatus. According to the present  
invention, it is possible to improve the vibration  
resistance and the shock resistance because the hard  
disk drive is protected by small pieces of the  
5 vibration and/or shock absorbing members. As a  
result, it is possible to prevent data destruction  
from being generated in the hard disk drive due to the  
shock and to prevent a read error from being generated  
in the hard disk drive due to the vibration.  
10 Accordingly, the reliability of the portable  
electronic apparatus such as the notebook type  
personal computer is greatly improved.

A further object of the present invention is  
to provide an electronic apparatus mounted with a hard  
15 disk drive, comprising vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members which are formed by a plurality of  
small pieces and absorb vibration and/or shock are  
provided between the hard disk drive and a hard disk  
drive accommodating part provided in a housing of the  
20 electronic apparatus, and a sheet member is provided  
between the hard disk drive and the plurality of small  
pieces forming the vibration and/or shock absorbing  
members. According to the present invention, it is  
possible to improve the vibration resistance and the  
25 shock resistance because the hard disk drive is  
protected by small pieces of the vibration and/or  
shock absorbing members. As a result, it is possible  
to prevent data destruction from being generated in  
the hard disk drive due to the shock and to prevent a  
30 read error from being generated in the hard disk drive  
due to the vibration. Accordingly, the reliability of  
the portable electronic apparatus such as the notebook  
type personal computer is greatly improved. Further,  
it is possible to prevent direct contact with the  
35 vibration and/or shock absorbing members and the hard  
disk drive, so that the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members will not be deformed at the time of

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1 the assembling process and moisture absorbed by the  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members will not  
cause an electrical short-circuit even if the  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members are provided  
5 on a side of the hard disk drive having exposed  
wirings and/or electrical circuits.

Another object of the present invention is  
to provide an electronic apparatus mounted with a hard  
disk drive, wherein vibration and/or shock absorbing  
10 members are provided between the hard disk drive and  
an inner bottom surface and inner side surfaces of a  
hard disk drive accommodating part provided in a  
housing of the electronic apparatus, and the vibration  
and/or shock absorbing members provided between the  
15 hard disk drive and the inner bottom surface and the  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members provided  
between the hard disk drive and the inner surface are  
made of mutually different materials. According to  
the present invention, it is possible to improve the  
20 vibration resistance and the shock resistance because  
the hard disk drive is protected by small pieces of  
the vibration and/or shock absorbing members. As a  
result, it is possible to prevent data destruction  
from being generated in the hard disk drive due to the  
25 shock and to prevent a read error from being generated  
in the hard disk drive due to the vibration.  
Accordingly, the reliability of the portable  
electronic apparatus such as the notebook type  
personal computer is greatly improved.

30 Another object of the present invention is  
to provide an electronic apparatus mounted with a hard  
disk drive, wherein a plurality of vibration and/or  
shock absorbing members made of different materials  
and having different thicknesses are provided with  
35 respect to at least one of confronting surfaces of the  
hard disk drive and a hard disk drive accommodating  
part provided in a housing of the electronic

1 apparatus. According to the present invention, it is  
possible to improve the vibration resistance and the  
shock resistance because the hard disk drive is  
protected by small pieces of the vibration and/or  
5 shock absorbing members. As a result, it is possible  
to prevent data destruction from being generated in  
the hard disk drive due to the shock and to prevent a  
read error from being generated in the hard disk drive  
due to the vibration. Accordingly, the reliability of  
10 the portable electronic apparatus such as the notebook  
type personal computer is greatly improved.

Still another object of the present  
invention is to provide a disk unit mounting mechanism  
mountable with a disk unit characterized by a disk  
15 unit accommodating part accommodating the disk unit  
which is mounted, a lid member covering the disk unit  
accommodating part, and a vibration and/or shock  
absorbing member which absorbs vibration and/or shock  
and is arranged between the lid member and the disk  
20 unit which is mounted. By providing the vibration  
and/or shock absorbing members between the disk unit  
which is mounted and the lid member which covers the  
disk unit accommodating part provided in the housing,  
it is possible to improve the shock-resistance of the  
25 disk unit. Hence, it is possible to prevent data  
destruction from being generated in the disk unit,  
such as the HDD, due to the shock when the disk unit  
is dropped or is placed on a desk.

A further object of the present invention is  
30 to provide a disk unit mounting mechanism mountable  
with a disk unit <sup>having</sup> ~~characterized by~~ a disk unit  
accommodating part accommodating the disk unit which  
is mounted, a lid member covering the disk unit  
accommodating part, and a vibration and/or shock  
35 absorbing member, formed by a plurality of small  
pieces and absorbs vibration and/or shock, arranged  
between the lid member and the disk unit which is



1 mounted, and a sheet member arranged between the  
plurality of small pieces forming the vibration and/or  
shock absorbing member and the disk unit which is  
mounted. By mounting the vibration and/or shock  
5 absorbing members on the sheet material, it is  
possible to prevent the deformation of the vibration  
and/or shock absorbing members. As a result, the  
shock resistance of the disk unit is improved, and in  
addition, it is possible to prevent <sup>on</sup> ~~the~~ electrical  
10 short-circuit even when <sup>drop of dew form</sup> ~~the dew drop is formed~~ on the  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members.

Another object of the present invention is  
to provide a disk unit mounting mechanism mountable  
with a disk unit characterized by a disk unit  
15 accommodating part accommodating the disk unit which  
is mounted, and vibration and/or shock absorbing  
members arranged between an inner bottom surface and  
an inner side surface of the disk unit accommodating  
part and the disk unit which is mounted, wherein the  
20 vibration and/or shock absorbing member 3 arranged  
between the disk unit which is mounted and the inner  
bottom surface and the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing member arranged between the disk unit which  
is mounted and the inner side surface are made of  
25 mutually different materials. By providing the  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members between the  
disk unit and the inner surface of the disk unit  
accommodating part provided in the housing, it is  
possible to improve the vibration resistance of the  
30 disk unit, thereby preventing a read error from being  
generated. Further, in this case, the vibration  
resistance is required of the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members provided between the disk unit and  
the inner surface of the disk unit accommodating part  
35 provided in the housing, while ~~the~~ shock resistance is  
required of the vibration and/or shock absorbing  
members 3 provided between the disk unit and the inner

1 bottom surface of the disk unit accommodating part.  
Hence, it is desirable that the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members are made of mutually different  
materials.

5 Still another object of the present  
invention is to provide a disk unit mounting mechanism  
mountable with a disk unit characterized by a disk  
unit accommodating part accommodating the disk unit  
which is mounted, and vibration and/or shock absorbing  
10 members arranged between an inner bottom surface and  
an inner side surface of the disk unit accommodating  
part and the disk unit which is mounted, wherein the  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members arranged  
between the disk unit and the inner bottom surface and  
15 the vibration and/or shock absorbing member arranged  
between the disk unit and the inner side surface are  
made of materials having mutually different vibration  
and/or shock absorbing characteristics. By providing  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members having  
20 different vibration and/or shock absorbing  
characteristics, it is possible to effectively cope  
with shocks ranging from weak to strong shocks, and  
the vibration resistance and the shock resistance of  
the disk unit are improved.

25 A further object of the present invention is  
to provide a disk unit mounting mechanism mountable  
a with a disk unit <sup>having</sup> ~~characterized by~~ a disk unit  
accommodating part accommodating the disk unit which  
is mounted, and a plurality of vibration and/or shock  
30 absorbing members having different thicknesses  
arranged with respect to at least one of confronting  
surfaces of the disk unit which is mounted and the  
disk unit accommodating part. By providing the  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members having the  
35 different thicknesses with respect to at least one  
surface of the disk unit, particularly with respect to  
a lid member, it is possible to use <sup>both</sup> a thin material

1 and a thick material, for example, so that the shock resistance is improved with respect to various kinds of shocks ranging from weak to strong shocks.

Another object of the present invention is  
5 to provide a disk unit mounting mechanism mountable with a disk unit <sup>having</sup> ~~characterized by~~ a disk unit  
Q accommodating part accommodating the disk unit which is mounted, and a plurality of vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members having different vibration and/or  
10 shock absorbing characteristics arranged with respect to at least one of confronting surfaces of the disk unit which is mounted and the disk unit accommodating part. By providing the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members with respect to at least one surface  
Q 15 of the disk unit, particularly, with respect to the side of a lid member, and forming the vibration and/or shock absorbing members from materials having different vibration and/or shock absorbing characteristics, it is possible to realize a shock  
20 resistance which can cope with a wide range of shocks ranging from weak to strong shocks.

Other objects and further features of the present invention will be apparent from the following detailed description when read in conjunction with the  
25 accompanying drawings.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG.1 is a disassembled perspective view showing an important part of a conventional notebook  
30 type personal computer;

FIG.2 is a diagram for explaining the operating principle of the present invention;

FIGS.3A and 3B respectively are perspective views showing a display panel part and a housing top  
35 cover of a first embodiment of an electronic apparatus according to the present invention;

FIG.4 is a bottom view showing the housing

1 top cover of the first embodiment of the electronic apparatus;

FIG.5 is a disassembled perspective view showing a housing base of the first embodiment of the electronic apparatus;

FIG.6 is a perspective view showing a mounting structure of vibration and/or shock absorbing members on the housing base of the first embodiment of the electronic apparatus;

10 FIGS.7A through 7C respectively are diagrams showing an important part of a second embodiment of the electronic apparatus;

FIGS.8A through 8C respectively are diagrams showing an important part of a first modification of the second embodiment of the electronic apparatus;

FIG.9 is a perspective view showing an important part of a second modification of the second embodiment of the electronic apparatus; and

FIG.10 is a perspective view showing a third embodiment of the electronic apparatus according to the present invention.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

FIG.2 is a diagram for explaining the operating principle of the present invention. A description will be given of means for solving the problems in the present invention, by referring to FIG.2.

FIG.2 is a disassembled perspective view generally showing a HDD (hard disk drive) mounting structure, and the illustration of a housing is omitted. Although the following description takes the HDD as an example of the disk unit, the application of the present invention is of course not limited to the HDD, and the present invention is similarly applicable to various kinds of disk units such as a FDD (floppy disk drive).

1 (1) An electronic apparatus mounted with a  
a disk unit 1 in the present invention ~~is characterized~~  
a ~~in that~~ <sup>by</sup> vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3  
a which absorb vibration and/or shock ~~are~~ provided  
5 between the disk unit 1 and a lid member 2 which  
covers a disk unit accommodating part provided in a  
housing of the electronic apparatus.

By providing the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 3 between the disk unit 1 and the  
10 lid member 2 which covers the disk unit accommodating  
part provided in the housing, it is possible to  
improve the shock-resistance of the electronic  
apparatus. Hence, it is possible to prevent data  
destruction from being generated in the disk unit 1,  
a 15 such as the HDD, <sup>as a result of</sup> ~~due to~~ the shock when the electronic  
apparatus is dropped or is placed on a desk.

a <sup>as discussed</sup> (2) <sup>in the</sup> ~~The present invention is characterized~~  
a ~~in that~~ in (1) above, the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 3 provided between the lid member 2  
20 and the disk unit 1 are formed by a plurality of small  
pieces.

A single large vibration and/or shock  
absorbing member may be provided on the entire surface  
a as the vibration and/or shock absorbing member 3. <sup>however</sup> ~~But~~  
25 by forming the vibration and/or shock absorbing  
members 3 from the plurality of small pieces, it is  
possible to further improve the vibration resistance  
and the shock resistance.

a <sup>as discussed</sup> (3) <sup>in the</sup> ~~The present invention is characterized~~  
a ~~in that~~ in (2) above, a sheet member 6 is provided  
30 between the disk unit 1 and the plurality of small  
pieces forming the vibration and/or shock absorbing  
members 3.

In general, the vibration and/or shock  
35 absorbing members 3 are made of a porous material  
having a large coefficient of friction. For this  
reason, if the lid member 2 were mounted by sliding

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1 the lid member 2, the vibration and/or shock absorbing  
members 3 would be deformed in a horizontal direction  
due to the friction and the vibration and/or shock  
9 absorbing effect would be reduced. <sup>However,</sup> ~~But~~ by mounting  
5 the vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3 on the  
sheet material 6, it is possible to prevent the  
deformation of the vibration and/or shock absorbing  
members 3.

9 In addition, when <sup>drops of dew are</sup> ~~dew drop is~~ formed on the  
10 vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3 which are  
provided between the lid member 2 and the disk unit 1,  
the moist vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3  
will make contact with the printed circuit of the disk  
unit 1 because the vibration and/or shock absorbing  
15 member 3s <sup>dry slowly</sup> ~~uneasily dry~~, thereby causing an electrical  
short-circuit. <sup>however,</sup> ~~But~~ by interposing the sheet member 6  
between the disk unit 1 and the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 3, it is possible to prevent <sup>the</sup>  
18 electrical short-circuit even when <sup>drops of dew are</sup> ~~the dew drop is~~  
20 formed on the vibration and/or shock absorbing members  
3.

18 (4) An electronic apparatus mounted with a  
disk unit 1 in the present invention is ~~characterized~~  
19 ~~in that~~ <sup>has</sup> vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3  
25 which ~~are~~ formed by a plurality of small pieces and  
absorb vibration and/or shock are provided between the  
disk unit 1 and a lid member 2 which covers a disk  
unit accommodating part provided in a housing of the  
electronic apparatus, and a sheet member 6 is provided  
30 between the disk unit 1 and the plurality of small  
pieces forming the vibration and/or shock absorbing  
members 3.

As described above under (3) above, by  
mounting the vibration and/or shock absorbing members  
35 3 on the sheet material 6, it is possible to prevent  
the deformation of the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 3. As a result, the shock

- 1 resistance of the electronic apparatus is improved,  
and in addition, it is possible to prevent the <sup>drops of dew are</sup>  
electrical short-circuit even when the dew drop ~~is~~  
5 3. formed on the vibration and/or shock absorbing members

Q (5) An electronic apparatus mounted with a  
a disk unit 1 in the present invention ~~is characterized~~  
a ~~in that~~ <sup>has</sup> vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3 and  
Q 4 ~~are~~ provided between the disk unit 1 and an inner  
10 bottom surface and inner side surfaces of a disk unit  
accommodating part provided in a housing of the  
electronic apparatus, and the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 3 provided between the disk unit 1  
and the inner bottom surface and the vibration and/or  
15 shock absorbing members 4 provided between the disk  
unit 1 and the inner surface are made of mutually  
different materials.

By providing the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 4 between the disk unit 1 and the  
20 inner surface of the disk unit accommodating part  
provided in the housing, it is possible to improve the  
vibration resistance of the disk unit 1, thereby  
preventing a read error from being generated.

Further, in this case, the vibration  
25 resistance is required of the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 4 provided between the disk unit 1  
and the inner surface of the disk unit accommodating  
part provided in the housing, while the shock  
resistance is required of the vibration and/or shock  
30 absorbing members 3 provided between the disk unit 1  
and the inner bottom surface of the disk unit  
accommodating part. Hence, it is desirable that the  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3 and 4 are  
made of mutually different materials.

35 (6) An electronic apparatus mounted with a  
Q disk unit 1 in the present invention ~~is characterized~~  
Q ~~in that~~ <sup>has</sup> vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3, 4

9 1 and 5 ~~are~~ provided between the disk unit 1 and an inner bottom surface and an inner side surface of a disk unit accommodating part provided in a housing of the electronic apparatus, and the vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3 and 5 provided between the disk unit 1 and the inner bottom surface and the vibration and/or shock absorbing member 4 provided between the disk unit 1 and the inner side surface are made of materials having mutually different vibration and/or shock absorbing characteristics.

By providing vibration and/or shock absorbing members having different vibration and/or shock absorbing characteristics, it is possible to effectively cope with shocks ranging from weak to strong, ~~shocks~~, and the vibration resistance and the shock resistance of the electronic apparatus are improved.

Q 15 In the as discussed (7) ~~The present invention, is characterized~~  
Q in that, in (5) or (6) above, the vibration and/or shock absorbing member 4 provided between the disk unit 1 and the inner side surface is made of a material having a higher vibration resistance than a material forming the vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3 and 5 provided between the disk unit 1 and the inner bottom surface.

In this case, it is possible to flexibly cope with the vibration resistance and the shock resistance required by the electronic apparatus.

Q as discussed (8). ~~In the present invention, is characterized~~  
Q in that, in (5) or (6) above, the vibration and/or shock absorbing member 4 provided between the disk unit 1 and the inner side surface is made of a material which is harder than a material forming the vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3 and 5 provided between the disk unit 1 and the inner bottom surface.

In this case, it is possible to flexibly



1 cope with the vibration resistance and the shock  
resistance required by the electronic apparatus.

2 <sup>as discussed</sup> (9) <sup>In the</sup> ~~The present invention, is characterized~~  
3 ~~in that~~ in any of (5) to (8) above, the vibration  
4 and/or shock absorbing members 4 provided between the  
5 disk unit 1 and the inner surface of the disk unit  
accommodating part provided in the housing are formed  
by a plurality of small pieces.

A single large vibration and/or shock  
10 absorbing member may be provided on the entire surface  
as the vibration and/or shock absorbing member 4 which  
is provided between the disk unit 1 and the inner  
surface of the disk unit accommodating part provided  
11 in the housing. <sup>However</sup> ~~But~~ by forming the vibration and/or  
12 shock absorbing members 4 from the plurality of small  
13 pieces, it is possible to further improve the  
14 vibration resistance.

(10) An electronic apparatus mounted with a  
15 disk unit 1 in the present invention ~~is characterized~~  
16 <sup>as discussed</sup> ~~in that~~ a plurality of vibration and/or shock  
17 absorbing members 3, 4 and 5 having different  
18 thicknesses ~~are~~ provided with respect to at least one  
19 of confronting surfaces of the disk unit 1 and a disk  
20 unit accommodating part provided in a housing of the  
21 electronic apparatus.

By providing the vibration and/or shock  
22 absorbing members 3, 4 and 5 having the different  
23 thicknesses with respect to at least one surface of  
24 the disk unit 1, particularly with respect to a lid  
25 member 2, it is possible to use a thin material and a  
26 thick material, for example, so that the shock  
27 resistance is improved with respect to various kinds  
28 of shocks ranging from weak to strong shocks.

29 <sup>as discussed</sup> (11) <sup>In the</sup> ~~The present invention, is characterized~~  
30 ~~in that~~ in (10) above, the plurality of vibration  
31 and/or shock absorbing members 3, 4 and 5 are made of  
32 the same material.

1 In this case, it is possible to flexibly  
cope with the vibration resistance and the shock  
resistance required by the electronic apparatus.

a 5 (12) An electronic apparatus mounted with a  
disk unit 1 in the present invention ~~is characterized~~  
a ~~in that~~ a plurality of vibration and/or shock  
Q absorbing members 3, 4 and 5 having different  
vibration and/or shock absorbing characteristics ~~are~~  
provided with respect to at least one of confronting  
10 surfaces of the disk unit 1 and a disk unit  
accommodating part provided in a housing of the  
electronic apparatus.

By providing the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 3, 4 and 5 with respect to at least  
15 one surface of the disk unit 1, particularly, with  
respect to the side of a lid member 2, and forming the  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3, 4 and 5  
from materials having different vibration and/or shock  
absorbing characteristics, it is possible to realize a  
20 shock resistance which can cope with a wide range of  
shocks ranging from weak to strong shocks.

a Q (13) <sup>In the</sup> ~~The~~ present invention ~~is characterized~~  
as discussed ~~in that~~ in (10) or (12) above, the plurality of  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3, 4 and 5  
25 are made of materials having different hardnesses.

In this case, it is possible to flexibly  
cope with the vibration resistance and the shock  
resistance required by the electronic apparatus.

a Q (14) <sup>In the</sup> ~~The~~ present invention ~~is characterized~~  
as discussed ~~in that~~ in any of (1) to (13) above, the vibration  
a 30 and/or shock absorbing members 5 are also provided  
between the disk unit 1 and an inner top surface of  
the disk unit accommodating part provided in the  
housing.

35 By providing the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 5 between the disk unit 1 and the  
inner top surface of the disk unit accommodating part

1 provided in the housing, it is possible to further improve the vibration resistance and the shock resistance, and particularly the shock resistance.

Q <sup>a</sup> as discussed (15) <sup>In the</sup> ~~The present invention, is characterized~~  
Q 5 ~~in that,~~ in any of (1) to (14) above, the vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3, 4 and 5 are adhered on a member confronting the disk unit 1.

From the point of view of the problems introduced by the dew drop and the ease of the assembling process, it is desirable to adhere the vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3, 4 and 5 on the member confronting the disk unit 1, that is, on a lid member 2 or, on the inner top surface or the inner side surface of the disk unit accommodating part provided in the housing.

Q <sup>a</sup> as discussed (16) The present invention is characterized  
C ~~in that,~~ in any of (1) to (15) above, the electronic apparatus mounted with the disk unit 1 forms a portable electronic apparatus.

20 By applying the structure of the present invention to the portable electronic apparatus, it is possible to improve the reliability of the portable electronic apparatus with respect to the shock applied thereto when the portable electronic apparatus is carried.

Q <sup>a</sup> as discussed (17) <sup>In the</sup> ~~The present invention, is characterized~~  
Q ~~in that,~~ in any of (1) to (16) above, the disk unit 1 is a hard disk unit.

In this case, it is possible to improve the reliability of the hard disk unit.

Q (18) A disk unit mounting mechanism mountable with a disk unit 1 in the present invention  
Q ~~is characterized by~~ <sup>has</sup> a disk unit accommodating part accommodating the disk unit 1 which is mounted, a lid member 2 covering the disk unit accommodating part, and a vibration and/or shock absorbing member 3 which absorbs vibration and/or shock and is arranged between

1 the lid member 2 and the disk unit 1 which is mounted.

By providing the vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3 between the disk unit 1 which is mounted and the lid member 2 which covers the disk unit accommodating part provided in the housing, it is possible to improve the shock-resistance of the disk unit. Hence, it is possible to prevent data destruction from being generated in the disk unit 1, such as the HDD, <sup>as a result of</sup> ~~due to~~ the shock when the disk unit is dropped or is placed on a desk.

(19) A disk unit mounting mechanism mountable with a disk unit 1 in the present invention <sup>has</sup> ~~is characterized by~~ a disk unit accommodating part accommodating the disk unit 1 which is mounted, a lid member 2 covering the disk unit accommodating part, and a vibration and/or shock absorbing member 3, formed by a plurality of small pieces and absorbs vibration and/or shock, arranged between the lid member and the disk unit which is mounted, and a sheet member 6 arranged between the plurality of small pieces forming the vibration and/or shock absorbing member 3 and the disk unit 1 which is mounted.

As described above under (3) above, by mounting the vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3 on the sheet material 6, it is possible to prevent the deformation of the vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3. As a result, the shock resistance of the disk unit is improved, and in addition, it is possible to prevent <sup>an</sup> ~~the~~ electrical short-circuit even when <sup>drops of dew are</sup> ~~the dew drop is~~ formed on the vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3.

(20) A disk unit mounting mechanism mountable with a disk unit 1 in the present invention <sup>has</sup> ~~is characterized by~~ a disk unit accommodating part accommodating the disk unit 1 which is mounted, and vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3 and 4 arranged between an inner bottom surface and an inner

1 side surface of the disk unit accommodating part and  
the disk unit 1 which is mounted, wherein the  
vibration and/or shock absorbing member 3 arranged  
between the disk unit 1 which is mounted and the inner  
5 bottom surface and the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing member 4 arranged between the disk unit 1  
which is mounted and the inner side surface are made  
of mutually different materials.

By providing the vibration and/or shock  
10 absorbing members 4 between the disk unit 1 and the  
inner surface of the disk unit accommodating part  
provided in the housing, it is possible to improve the  
vibration resistance of the disk unit 1, thereby  
preventing a read error from being generated.

15 Further, in this case, the vibration  
resistance is required of the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 4 provided between the disk unit 1  
and the inner surface of the disk unit accommodating  
part provided in the housing, while the shock  
20 resistance is required of the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 3 provided between the disk unit 1  
and the inner bottom surface of the disk unit  
accommodating part. Hence, it is desirable that the  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3 and 4 are  
25 made of mutually different materials.

(21) A disk unit mounting mechanism  
mountable with a disk unit 1 in the present invention  
a <sup>has</sup> ~~is characterized by~~ a disk unit accommodating part  
accommodating the disk unit 1 which is mounted, and  
30 vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3, 4 and 5  
arranged between an inner bottom surface and an inner  
side surface of the disk unit accommodating part and  
the disk unit 1 which is mounted, wherein the  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3 and 5  
35 arranged between the disk unit 1 and the inner bottom  
surface and the vibration and/or shock absorbing  
member 4 arranged between the disk unit 1 and the

1 inner side surface are made of materials having  
mutually different vibration and/or shock absorbing  
characteristics.

By providing vibration and/or shock  
5 absorbing members having different vibration and/or  
shock absorbing characteristics, it is possible to  
effectively cope with shocks ranging from weak to  
strong shocks, and the vibration resistance and the  
shock resistance of the disk unit are improved.

10 (22) A disk unit mounting mechanism  
mountable with a disk unit 1 in the present invention  
a <sup>has</sup> ~~is characterized by~~ a disk unit accommodating part  
accommodating the disk unit 1 which is mounted, and a  
plurality of vibration and/or shock absorbing members  
15 3, 4 and 5 having different thicknesses arranged with  
respect to at least one of confronting surfaces of the  
disk unit 1 which is mounted and the disk unit  
accommodating part.

By providing the vibration and/or shock  
20 absorbing members 3, 4 and 5 having the different  
thicknesses with respect to at least one surface of  
the disk unit 1, particularly with respect to a lid  
member 2, it is possible to use a thin material and a  
thick material, for example, so that the shock  
25 resistance is improved with respect to various kinds  
of shocks ranging from weak to strong shocks.

(23) A disk unit mounting mechanism  
mountable with a disk unit 1 in the present invention  
a <sup>has</sup> ~~is characterized by~~ a disk unit accommodating part  
30 accommodating the disk unit 1 which is mounted, and a  
plurality of vibration and/or shock absorbing members  
3, 4 and 5 having different vibration and/or shock  
absorbing characteristics arranged with respect to at  
least one of confronting surfaces of the disk unit 1  
35 which is mounted and the disk unit accommodating part.

By providing the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 3, 4 and 5 with respect to at least

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1 one surface of the disk unit 1, particularly, with  
respect to the side of a lid member 2, and forming the  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members 3, 4 and 5  
from materials having different vibration and/or shock  
5 absorbing characteristics, it is possible to realize a  
shock resistance which can cope with a wide range of  
shocks ranging from weak to strong shocks.

Next, a description will be given of a first  
embodiment of the present invention, by referring to  
10 FIGS.3 through 6.

In order to simplify the description, the  
illustration and description of mounting structures of  
small parts which are not directly related to the  
subject matter of the present invention are omitted.

15 FIG.3A is a perspective view showing a  
display panel part 10 of a notebook type personal  
computer. Mounting metal fittings 11<sub>1</sub> and 11<sub>2</sub>  
provided on both sides at a lower end of the display  
panel part 10 are positioned with respect to recesses  
20 of a plastic housing base 30 shown in FIG.5, and are  
fixed to the housing base 30 by screws 31 and 32.

FIG.3B is a perspective view showing a  
housing top cover 20 made of a plastic. The housing  
top cover 20 is positioned with respect to the housing  
25 base 30 shown in FIG.5, and is fixed to the housing  
base 30 by screws 21, 32 and 33.

The screws 32 fix the housing top cover 20  
on the housing base 30 via the mounting metal fittings  
11<sub>1</sub> and 11<sub>2</sub>.

30 FIG.4 is a bottom view showing a back side  
of the housing top cover 20 shown in FIG.3B. <sup>Two</sup> ~~A~~ small  
pieces of vibration and/or shock absorbing members  
23<sub>1</sub>, 23<sub>2</sub> and 23<sub>3</sub> are adhered on a part of the housing  
top cover making contact with a HDD 34, that is, on an  
35 inner top surface 22 of a HDD accommodating part 35.

For example, the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 23<sub>1</sub>, 23<sub>2</sub> and 23<sub>3</sub> have a thickness of

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1 2 mm and are made of a soft ether system polyurethane  
a (Sorbothane<sup>TM</sup>) (~~trademark~~).

FIG.5 is a disassembled perspective view of  
the housing base 30 showing a mounting structure of  
5 the HDD 34. After accommodating the HDD 34 in the HDD  
accommodating part 35, a plastic lid member 40 is  
mounted at an opening of the HDD accommodating part 35  
by sliding the lid member 40, and the lid member 40 is  
fixed on the housing base 30 by screws 44. The lid  
10 member 40 is provided with a sheet material 41 which  
a is made of a polyester film. <sup>three</sup> 3 small pieces of  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members 42<sub>1</sub>, 42<sub>2</sub> and  
42<sub>3</sub> are adhered along one of the 2 longer sides of the  
sheet material 41, and <sup>three</sup> 3 small pieces of vibration  
15 and/or shock absorbing members 43<sub>1</sub>, 43<sub>2</sub> and 43<sub>3</sub> are  
adhered along the other of the 2 longer sides of the  
sheet material 41.

In FIG.5, a connector with respect to a FPC  
cable 36 is indicated by broken lines on the left of  
20 the HDD 34.

Similarly to the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 23<sub>1</sub>, 23<sub>2</sub> and 23<sub>3</sub>, the vibration  
and/or shock absorbing members 42<sub>1</sub>, 42<sub>2</sub>, 42<sub>3</sub>, 43<sub>1</sub>, 43<sub>2</sub>  
and 43<sub>3</sub> have a thickness of 2 mm and are made of a  
a 25 soft ether system polyurethane (Sorbothane<sup>TM</sup>),  
a (~~trademark~~).

When the <sup>Six</sup> 6 vibration and/or shock absorbing  
a members 42<sub>1</sub>, 42<sub>2</sub>, 42<sub>3</sub>, 43<sub>1</sub>, 43<sub>2</sub> and 43<sub>3</sub> made of the  
a ether system polyurethane are provided, it was  
30 confirmed as a result of experiments conducted with  
regard to the shock resistance that, with respect to a  
shock which causes a maximum acceleration speed of  
185.25 G in the case of the conventional HDD fixed by  
the screws, the maximum acceleration speed becomes  
35 117.00 G in the case of the HDD 34 mounted with the  
mounting structure of this embodiment. Hence, the  
shock resistance of the HDD in this embodiment was



1 greatly improved compared to the conventional HDD  
fixed by the screws.

The vibration and/or shock absorbing members  
23<sub>1</sub>, 23<sub>2</sub> and 23<sub>3</sub> provided on the inner top surface of  
5 the HDD accommodating part 35 are arranged so as not  
to overlap the FPC cable 36 in a projection. Hence,  
the HDD 34 makes direct contact with the vibration  
and/or shock absorbing members 23<sub>1</sub>, 23<sub>2</sub> and 23<sub>3</sub>, and  
the HDD 34 is protected from the vibration and/or  
10 shock by the vibration and/or shock absorbing members  
23<sub>1</sub>, 23<sub>2</sub>, 23<sub>3</sub>, 42<sub>1</sub>, 42<sub>2</sub>, 42<sub>3</sub>, 43<sub>1</sub>, 43<sub>2</sub> and 43<sub>3</sub>  
provided above and below the HDD 34.

In addition, the sheet material 41 is  
provided so that the HDD 34 will not make direct  
15 contact with the vibration and/or shock absorbing  
members 42<sub>1</sub>, 42<sub>2</sub>, 42<sub>3</sub>, 43<sub>1</sub>, 43<sub>2</sub> and 43<sub>3</sub> which have a  
large coefficient of friction, when sliding the lid  
member 40 and mounting the lid member 40 at the  
opening of the HDD accommodating part 35. Thus, by  
20 using this sheet material 41, the vibration and/or  
shock absorbing members 42<sub>1</sub>, 42<sub>2</sub>, 42<sub>3</sub>, 43<sub>1</sub>, 43<sub>2</sub> and  
43<sub>3</sub> will not be deformed in the horizontal direction  
due to the friction when the lid member 40 is <sup>caused to slide</sup> ~~slide~~,  
thereby making it possible to obtain the designed  
25 vibration resistance and shock resistance. Further,  
moisture absorbed by the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 42<sub>1</sub>, 42<sub>2</sub>, 42<sub>3</sub>, 43<sub>1</sub>, 43<sub>2</sub> and 43<sub>3</sub> will  
not cause an electrical short-circuit even if the  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members 42<sub>1</sub>, 42<sub>2</sub>,  
30 42<sub>3</sub>, 43<sub>1</sub>, 43<sub>2</sub> and 43<sub>3</sub> are provided on a side of the  
HDD 34 having exposed wirings and/or electrical  
circuits.

FIG.6 is a perspective view of the housing  
base 30 showing the arrangement of vibration and/or  
35 shock absorbing members 37<sub>1</sub> through 37<sub>8</sub> provided on  
the inner side surfaces of the HDD accommodating part  
35. In FIG.6, the illustration of the mounting state

1 of some of the small parts shown in FIG.5 is omitted.

a As shown in FIG.6, <sup>two</sup> ~~two~~ small pieces of the vibration and/or shock absorbing members 37<sub>1</sub> through 36<sub>8</sub> are adhered on each of the 4 inner side surfaces  
5 of the HDD accommodating part 35.

In this case, a high vibration resistance is required of the vibration and/or shock absorbing members 37<sub>1</sub> through 37<sub>8</sub>, and thus, the vibration and/or shock absorbing members 37<sub>1</sub> through 37<sub>8</sub> must be  
10 made of a hard material compared to the vibration and/or shock absorbing member 23<sub>1</sub> or the like. For example, a high-density urethane foam material having a thickness of 3 mm, a density of 0.48 g/cm<sup>3</sup>, a tensile strength of 18.0 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, an elongation of  
15 140%, a tear strength of 6.3 kg/cm, a compression strength of 2.5 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> to compress 25%, and a <sup>residual</sup> ~~residual~~ compression ~~residual~~ distortion of 3.9%.

a By providing the vibration and/or shock absorbing members 37<sub>1</sub> through 37<sub>8</sub> on the inner side  
20 surfaces of the HDD accommodating part 35, the vibration resistance of the HDD 34 is improved. In addition, it is possible to prevent a read error from being generated due to residual vibration accompanying the rotation of the disk-shaped storage media when  
25 making a seek operation in the HDD 34.

As described above, in the first embodiment of the present invention, the small pieces of vibration and/or shock absorbing members 23<sub>1</sub> through 23<sub>3</sub>, 42<sub>1</sub> through 43<sub>3</sub> and 37<sub>1</sub> through 37<sub>8</sub> are provided  
30 on the inner top and bottom surfaces and the 4 inner side surfaces, that is, a total of six surfaces, of the HDD accommodating part 35 making contact with the HDD 34. For this reason, it is possible to effectively protect the HDD 34 from the shock which is  
35 applied on the HDD when the notebook type personal computer is dropped or when the notebook type personal computer is placed on the desk, for example. As a

1 result, the disk-shaped storage media is undamaged,  
and the reliability of the HDD 34 is improved because  
the fault caused by data destruction is prevented.

5 The reason why the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing member is divided into small pieces is  
because, as a result of various kinds of experiments  
which were conducted, it was found that the vibration  
resistance and the shock resistance are improved when  
10 small pieces of the vibration and/or shock absorbing  
members are used as compared to the case where a  
single large vibration and/or shock absorbing member  
is used.

Q In addition, since the sheet material 41 is  
used in this first embodiment, a short-circuit will  
15 not be generated by the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 42<sub>1</sub> through 43<sub>3</sub> which confront the  
printed circuit of the HDD 34, even when the <sup>drops of</sup> dew ~~drop~~  
Q <sup>are</sup> ~~is~~ formed on the vibration and/or shock absorbing  
members 42<sub>1</sub> through 43<sub>3</sub>. Hence, the reliability of  
20 the HDD 34 is improved.

In the first embodiment described above, a  
polyester film is used as the sheet material 41.  
However, the material used for the sheet material 41  
is not limited to polyester, and any insulator  
25 material having a small coefficient of friction, such  
as a teflon resin sheet material, may be used as the  
sheet material 41.

Next, a description will be given of a  
second embodiment of the present invention, by  
30 referring to FIGS. 7A through 7C. In this second  
embodiment, the structure of the vibration and/or  
shock absorbing material provided on the lid member 40  
is different from that of the first embodiment, but  
the second embodiment is otherwise the same as the  
35 first embodiment. FIG. 7A is a perspective view  
showing an important part of the second embodiment,  
FIG. 7B is a side view viewed in a direction A in FIG.

1 7A, and FIG.7C is a side view viewed in a direction B  
in FIG.7A.

In this second embodiment, on a side of the  
sheet material 41 confronting the lid member 40, 3  
5 small pieces of vibration and/or shock absorbing  
members 411 are adhered along one of the 2 longer  
sides of the sheet material 41, and <sup>three</sup> 3 small pieces of  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members 412 are  
adhered along the other of the <sup>two</sup> 2 longer sides of the  
10 sheet material 41, similarly to the first embodiment.  
The sheet material 41 is made of a polyester film, and  
the vibration and/or shock absorbing members 411 have  
a thickness of 2 mm and are made of a soft ether  
system polyurethane. In addition, vibration and/or  
15 shock absorbing members 412 having a thickness of 1.5  
mm and made of an ether system polyurethane  
(<sup>TM</sup>) ~~Sorbothane, trademark~~ which is harder than the  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members 411 are  
20 additionally provided between each of the vibration  
and/or shock absorbing members 411.

*harder*

It is desirable that the thickness of the  
vibration and/or shock absorbing members 412 which are  
additionally provided is set approximately equal to a  
thickness at which the compressed vibration and/or  
25 shock absorbing members 411 lose the buffering effect.  
If the case of a weak shock, the shock is softly  
absorbed solely by the soft vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 411. On the other hand, in the case  
of a strong shock, the shock is absorbed in 2 stages,  
30 that is, the soft vibration and/or shock absorbing  
members 411, and the hard vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 412 which are additionally provided  
to absorb the shock which cannot be fully absorbed by  
the soft vibration and/or shock absorbing members 411.  
35 Therefore, as compared to the first embodiment, this  
second embodiment can more effectively cope with  
various kinds of shocks ranging from weak to strong

1 shocks.

Next, a description will be given of a first modification of the second embodiment, by referring to FIGS.8A through 8C. FIG.8A is a perspective view  
5 showing an important part of the first modification of the second embodiment, FIG.8B is a side view viewed in a direction A in FIG.8A, and FIG.8C is a side view viewed in a direction B in FIG.8A.

In this second embodiment, the 2-stage  
10 structure, made up of the soft vibration and/or shock absorbing members 411 and the hard vibration and/or shock absorbing members 412, is provided with respect to the lid member 40. However, the vibration and/or shock absorbing members 412 which are additionally  
15 provided are not limited to the material which is harder than the soft vibration and/or shock absorbing members 411. It is possible to realize the 2-stage structure by use of the same material (or the same hardness) but by varying the thicknesses of vibration  
20 and/or shock absorbing members 421 and vibration and/or shock absorbing members 422 which are additionally provided, as shown in FIGS.8A through 8C. Alternatively, it is possible to realize the 2-state structure by using materials having mutually different  
25 vibration and/or shock absorbing characteristics for the vibration and/or shock absorbing members 421 and the vibration and/or shock absorbing members 422 which are additionally provided.

Next, a description will be given of a  
30 second modification of the second embodiment, by referring to FIG.9. FIG.9 is a perspective view showing an important part of the second modification of the second embodiment.

In this second modification of the second  
35 embodiment, relative hardnesses of vibration and/or shock absorbing members 431 and 432 shown in FIG.8 are different. For example, the relative hardness of the

1 vibration and/or shock absorbing members 431 is  
greater than that of the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 432, or vice versa.

Furthermore, the vibration and/or shock  
5 absorbing members 23<sub>1</sub> through 23<sub>3</sub> provided on the  
inner top surface 22 of the HDD accommodating part 35  
may also have the 2-stage structure described above.  
Moreover, the vibration and/or shock absorbing members  
37<sub>1</sub> through 37<sub>8</sub> provided on the inner side surfaces of  
10 the HDD accommodating part 35 may also have the 2-  
stage structure described above. By using the 2-stage  
structure, the number of parts increases, but the  
vibration resistance and the shock resistance are  
further improved.

15 Next, a description will be given of a third  
embodiment of the present invention, by referring to  
FIG.10.

In this third embodiment, the structure of  
the vibration and/or shock absorbing material provided  
20 on the lid member 40 is different from that of the  
first embodiment, but this third embodiment is  
otherwise the same as the first embodiment.  
Accordingly, a description will only be given with  
respect to the structure of the lid member 40.

25 In this third embodiment, a pair of  
elongated vibration and/or shock absorbing members 45<sub>1</sub>  
and 45<sub>2</sub> having a thickness of 2 mm and made of a soft  
a ether system polyurethane (Sorbothane<sup>TM</sup> ~~trademark~~) is  
adhered directly on the plastic lid member 40 on the  
30 surface of the lid member 40 confronting the HDD 34,  
a along the <sup>two</sup> longer sides of the lid member 40.

It was confirmed as a result of experiments  
conducted with regard to the shock resistance that,  
with respect to a shock which causes a maximum  
35 acceleration speed of 185.25 G in the case of the  
conventional HDD fixed by the screws, the maximum  
acceleration speed becomes 139.19 G in the case of the

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1 HDD 34 mounted with the mounting structure of this  
embodiment. Hence, the shock resistance of the HDD in  
this embodiment was improved compared to the  
conventional HDD fixed by the screws.

5 The shock resistance obtained in this third  
embodiment is not as <sup>great</sup> high as that obtained in the  
first embodiment. However, this third embodiment has  
an advantage over the first embodiment in that the  
number of vibration and/or shock absorbing members is  
10 small, and the operation of adhering the vibration  
and/or shock absorbing members can be simplified due  
to the small number of vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members.

In this third embodiment, the vibration  
15 and/or shock absorbing members 45<sub>1</sub> and 45<sub>2</sub> are adhered  
directly on the lid member 40. However, it is of  
course possible to adhere the vibration and/or shock  
absorbing members 45<sub>1</sub> and 45<sub>2</sub> via a polyethylene sheet  
material, similarly to the first embodiment described  
20 above.

Although the present invention is applied to  
the HDD in the embodiments described above, the  
application of the present invention is of course not  
limited to the HDD. The present invention is  
25 similarly applicable to various kinds of disk units,  
including floppy disk drives, compact disk units, DVD  
(digital video disk) units, MD (magnetic disk) units,  
and MO (magneto-optic) disk units.

For example, the soft vibration and/or shock  
30 absorbing members provided above and below the HDD  
accommodating part are not limited to the soft ether  
system polyurethane, and appropriate modifications may  
be made depending on the design specifications of the  
computer. In addition, the thickness of the vibration  
35 and/or shock absorbing members is of course not  
limited to 2 mm, and the thickness may be varied  
arbitrarily depending on the characteristic of the

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1 vibration and/or shock absorbing material used.

If the vibration and/or shock absorbing members are too soft or too thin, the shock resistance deteriorates. Hence, it is necessary to select the material and thickness of the vibration and/or shock absorbing members within a range such that the space occupied by the vibration and/or shock absorbing members within the HDD accommodating part will not increase considerably, so as to satisfy the design specifications, that is, guarantee a shock resistance of 300 G when the HDD is not in use, for example.

On the other hand, the vibration and/or shock absorbing members provided on the inner side surfaces of the HDD accommodating part are not limited to the high-density urethane foam having the characteristic of the above described embodiment. The thickness of these vibration and/or shock absorbing members is likewise not limited to 3 mm, and appropriate modifications may be made depending on the design specifications.

In addition, the present invention is applied to the notebook type personal computer in the embodiments described above. However, the application of the present invention is not limited to the notebook type personal computer, and the present invention is applicable to any portable electronic apparatus in general which is mounted with a disk unit such as a HDD, such as a notebook type word processor and a pen input type personal computer.

Therefore, according to the present invention, it is possible to improve the vibration resistance and the shock resistance because the disk unit such as the HDD is protected by small pieces of the vibration and/or shock absorbing members. As a result, it is possible to prevent data destruction from being generated in the disk unit due to the shock and to prevent a read error from being generated in



1 the HDD due to the vibration. Accordingly, the  
reliability of the portable electronic apparatus such  
as the notebook type personal computer is greatly  
improved.

5 Moreover, the present invention is  
applicable to any kind of electronic apparatus mounted  
with or is designed to be mounted with a disk unit.  
Hence, the present invention is similarly applicable  
to a docking station or an extended peripheral unit  
10 which is connected to a portable information  
processing apparatus such as a notebook type computer,  
and is mounted with or is designed to be mounted with  
a disk unit.

Further, the present invention is not  
15 limited to these embodiments, but various variations  
and modifications may be made without departing from  
the scope of the present invention.

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